

UK Patent Application GB 2 226 958 A

(12) (19) (11) (43) Date of publication 18.07.1990

(21) Application No 9003797.9

(22) Date of filing 08.05.1987

Date lodged 20.02.1990

(30) Priority data

(31) 8611452

(32) 10.05.1986

(33) GB

(62) Derived from Application No 8710973.2 under Section 15(4)
of the Patents Act 1977

(51) INT CL^s
A61B 17/12

(52) UK CL (Edition K)
A5R REL
E2A AGH A370

(56) Documents cited
EP 0246087 A2 WO 80/01752 A1 US 4394864 A

(58) Field of search
UK CL (Edition J) A5R REL RES REY, E2A AGH
INT CL^s A61B, A61L

(71) Applicant
Femcare Limited

(Incorporated in the United Kingdom)

Bar Lane Industrial Park, Bar Lane, Basford,
Nottingham, NG6 0JA, United Kingdom

(74) Agent and/or Address for Service
Eric Potter & Clarkson
14 Oxford Street, Nottingham, NG1 5BP,
United Kingdom

(72) Inventors
Peter McQuilkin
Marcus Flisbie

(54) Sexual sterilisation device

(57) The device comprises a pair of hinged jaws made of plastics material which close together to occlude a duct clamped between the jaws. The jaws are permanently lined with a silicone rubber material which may be provided with serrations or teeth to hold the duct in position during closure of the clip and the jaws are provided with at least one permanent snap action latch arrangement at their ends opposite the hinge which prevents opening of the clip once the clip has been fully closed. The lining is so dimensioned as to produce a desired pressure on the duct in the locked position of the clip.

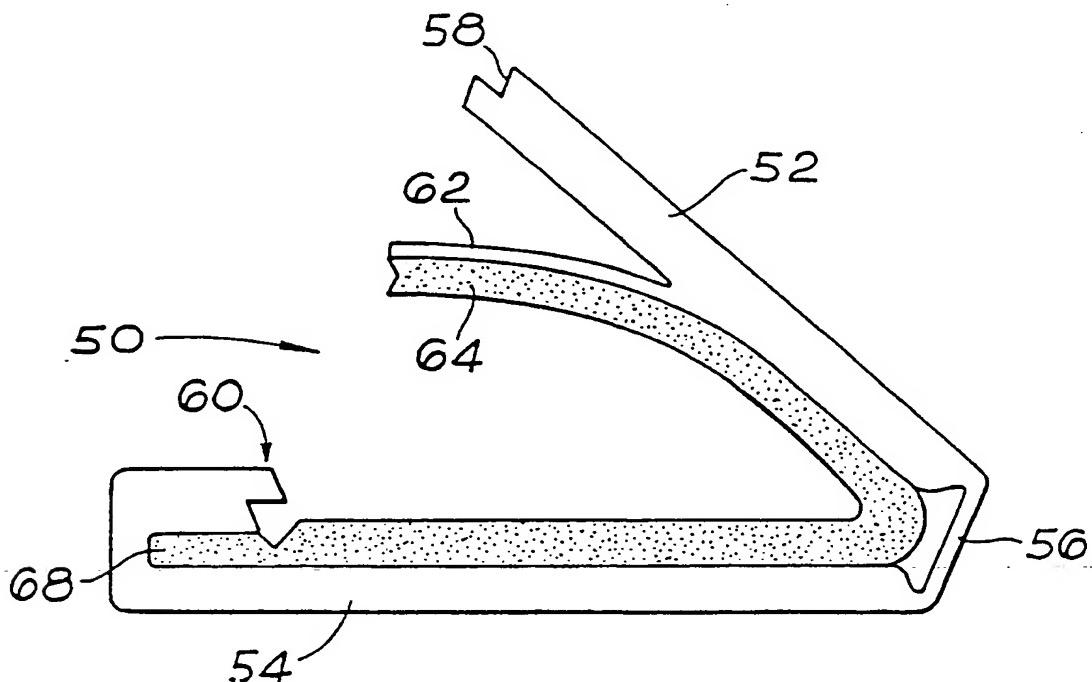
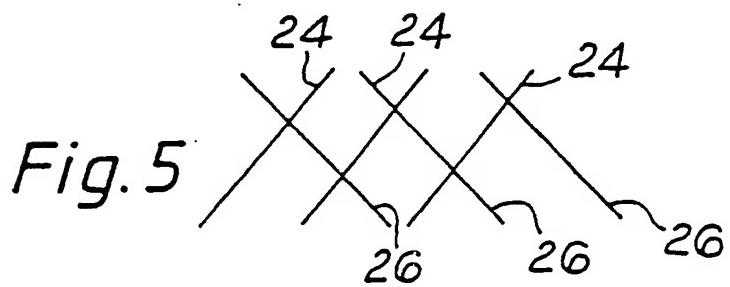
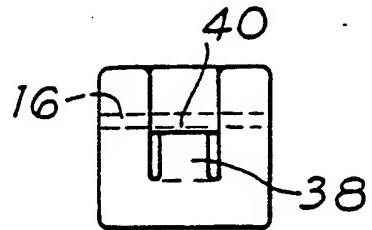
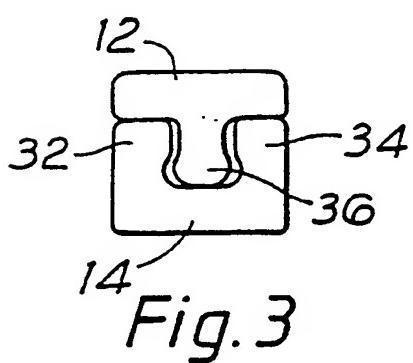
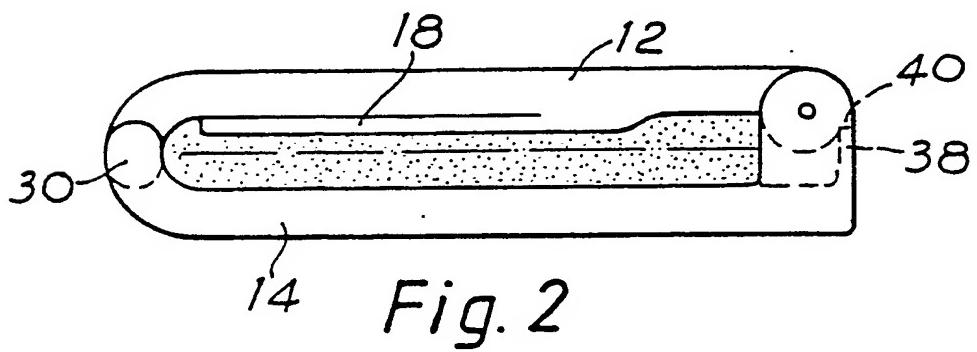
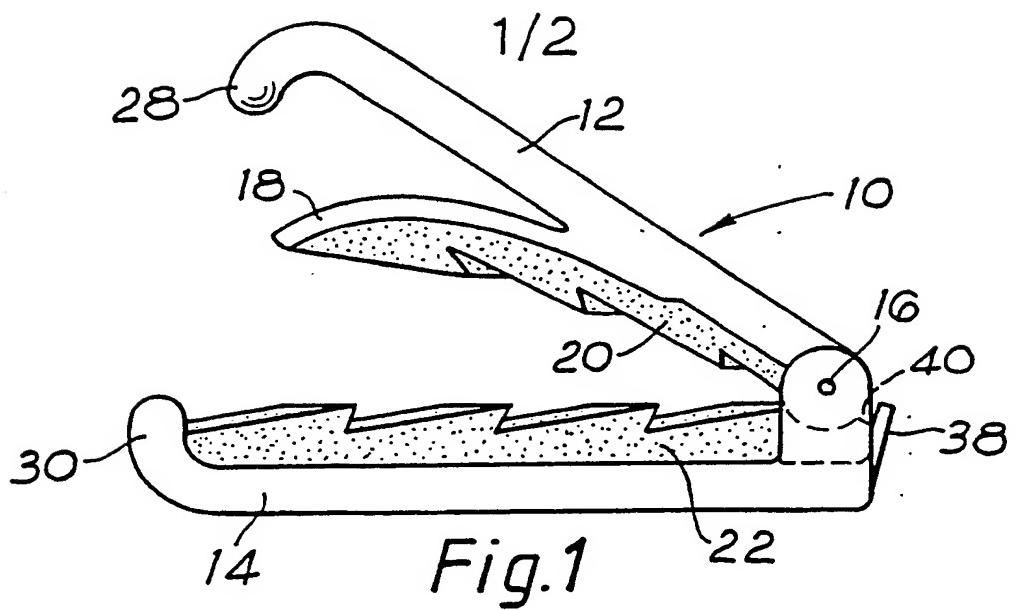


Fig. 6

GB 2 226 958 A



2/2

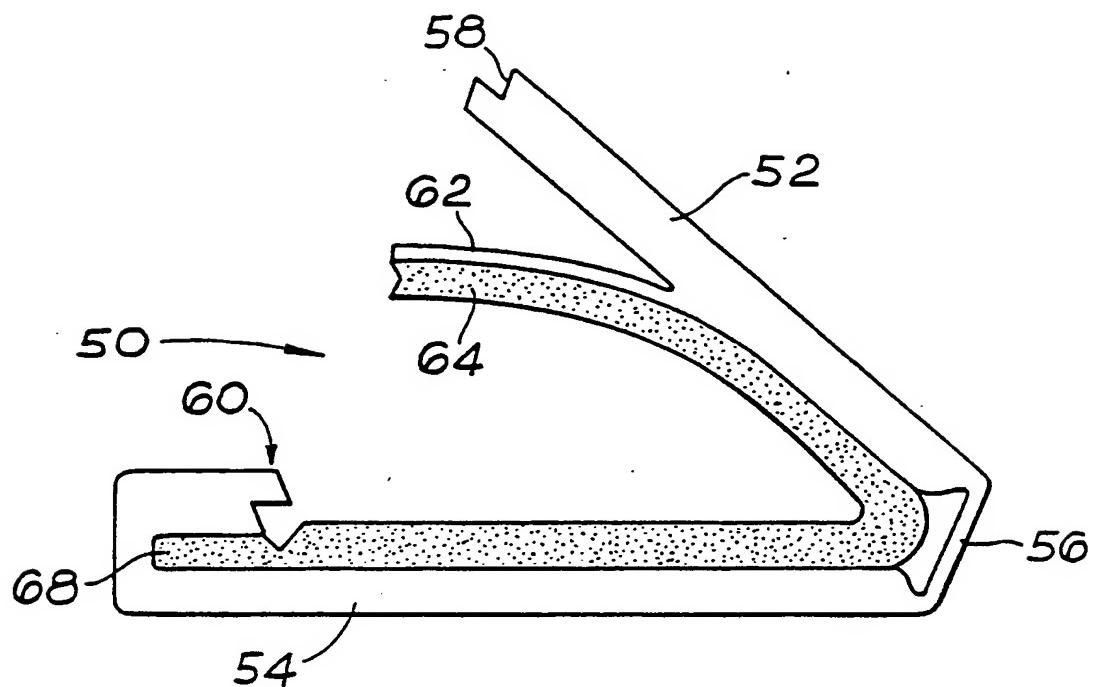


Fig. 6

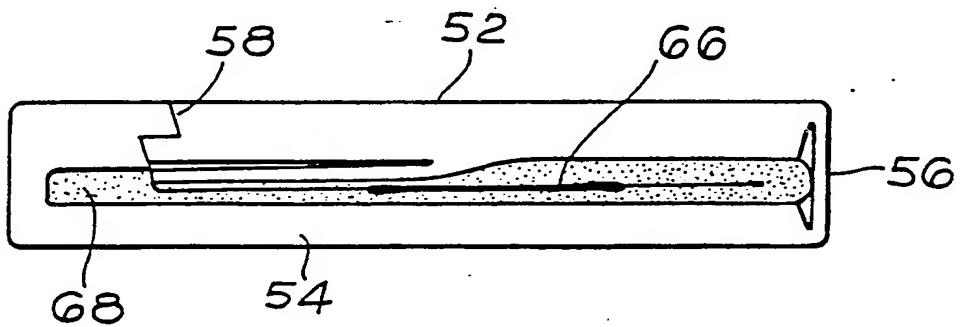


Fig. 7

-1-

SEXUAL STERILISATION DEVICE

The present invention relates to a sexual sterilisation device and more particularly to a clip adapted to be clamped on a Fallopian tube or a vas deferens to effect occlusion thereof.

5 U.K. Patent No. 1,530,282 and our co-pending Patent Application No. 8517468 describe clips of this type but these are designed primarily to be made with a metallic frame. Since the metal from which the clips are made is of a high quality metal such as commercially pure titanium
10 the clips are relatively expensive to produce.

It is an object of the present invention to provide a clip of this type which can be made using a frame of plastics material if required.

According to the present invention there is provided
15 a sexual sterilisation device in the form of a clip adapted to be clamped on and thereby to occlude a duct through which gametes pass, the clip comprising a pair of clamping jaws hinged together the jaws being constructed from a frame of plastics material.

20 Preferably the frame of plastics material is provided with an internal lining of silicone rubber.

The frame preferably comprises an upper jaw member and a lower jaw member, the upper jaw member being provided with a male fixing portion intermateable with a
25 female fixing portion on the lower jaw member.

Preferably the silicone rubber lining is provided with a teeth-shaped internal profile, the teeth pointing inwardly towards the hinge.

30 The clip is preferably also provided with a further catch member at the hinge end of the clip to provide an effective further locking of the clip in the closed position.

Embodiments of the present invention will now be described with reference to the accompanying drawings, in

which:-

Figure 1 shows a clip according to the present invention in side elevation in an open position;

5 Figure 2 shows the clip of Figure 1 in a closed position;

Figure 3 shows the clip of Figure 1 in front elevation;

Figure 4 shows the clip of Figure 1 in rear elevation;

10 Figure 5 shows the relative disposition of the teeth on the upper and lower jaw members;

Figure 6 shows an alternative clip according to the present invention shown in an open position; and

15 Figure 7 shows the clip of Figure 6 in its closed position.

With reference now to the drawings the clip 10 comprises a first or upper jaw member 12 and a second or lower jaw member 14. The jaw members 12 and 14 are preferably made from a rigid plastics material and are joined together by a hinge pin 16 preferably of commercially pure titanium.

20 The upper jaw 12 is formed with a flexible tongue member 18 and the upper and lower jaw members are lined with very soft silicone rubber linings 20, 22 which may be glued onto the respective jaws or studded into position with respective holes and lugs sufficient to hold the linings in place prior to closure of the clip.

25 With reference also to Figure 5 the linings 20 and 22 are profiled to have teeth 24, 26 respectively oriented at different angles to the jaw members as shown in Figure 5. The teeth are used to help to capture the fallopian tube (etc) on closure and the different orientation of the upper and lower teeth assists in this process.

30 The upper jaw 12 is also provided with a male catchment portion 28 which co-operates, in the closed

position of the clip, with a female catchment member 30 on the lower jaw member 14. The female jaw member 30 comprises (Figure 3) two upstanding fingers 32, 34 shaped so that a broadened portion 36 of portion 28 can snap into position therebetween in the closed position of the clip.

The bottom jaw member is also preferably provided with a secondary latching means comprising an upstanding flexible latch 38 which in the closed position of the clip snaps into a recessed ledge portion 40 (shown dotted in Figure 1) profiled within the hinge portion of the upper jaw member 12.

In operation the flexible spur or tongue 18 captures the fallopian tube at the front end before final closure of the clip. The thickness and positioning of the silicone rubber liners 20, 22 is designed to give the desired pressure on the fallopian tube on closure of the clip. The clip can, prior to the final pressure to close and latch members 38, 40, be opened and closed in a partial manner to adjust the position of the clip.

When finally closed the clip is not able to be opened without considerable force due to the rear latching members 38, 40 and is therefore safe to use.

The plastics material from which the clip is made may be impregnated with barium sulphate to make the clip X-ray or radio detectable thereby facilitating remote positioning of the clip.

With reference to Figures 6 and 7 an alternative design of clip 50 is shown again comprising an upper jaw 52 and a lower jaw 54. The two jaw members are joined together by a hinge member 56 which is formed from a restricted section of the plastics material thereby allowing the clip to be moulded in one piece. The upper jaw 52 is provided with a recessed portion 58 providing a protrusion which in the closed position co-operates with a recessed portion 60 in the lower jaw 54. The upper jaw is

provided with a flexible spur or tongue 62 as in the embodiment of Figures 1 to 5 and the inner surface of the clip is lined with a silicone rubber liner 64.

When closed the fallopian tube 66 (Figure 7) is
5 completely closed since the silicone rubber lining 64
leaves no space within the clip. The end of the clip as
indicated at 68 is fully lined so that there is no
possibility of even the smallest space being left within
the clip for any gametes to pass.

10 As in Figure 5 the silicone rubber lining can be
provided with opposing teeth to assist in capturing the
fallopian tube. The curved tongue initially grasps the
fallopian tube for initial capture preventing the escape
of the tube on the final forceful closure.

15

20

25

30

35

CLAIMS

1. A sexual sterilisation device in the form of a clip adapted to be clamped on and thereby to occlude a duct through which gametes pass, the clip comprising a pair of clamping jaws hinged together the jaws being constructed from a frame of plastics material,

in which the frame of plastics material is provided with an internal lining of silicone rubber permanently secured to the frame,

in which the frame comprises an upper jaw member and a lower jaw member,

in which the upper jaw member and lower jaw member are constructed to provide at their respective ends opposite to the hinge a co-operating snap action lock, the snap action lock providing when in the locked position a defined positioning of the upper and lower jaw members, and in which silicone rubber lining is dimensioned to provide a desired pressure on the duct in the locked position of the clip.

2. A sexual sterilisation device as claimed in claim 1 in which the co-operating snap action lock comprises a male member positioned at the end of the upper jaw member and a co-operating female member positioned at the end of the lower jaw member, the male member comprising a first finger provided with a broadened portion, the female member comprising second and third upstanding fingers spaced apart by a predetermined distance, in

which each second and third finger is provided with a recessed portion dimensioned such that in the snap locked position of the clip the broadened portion of the first finger is securely held by the recessed portions of the second and third upstanding fingers.

3. A sexual sterilisation device as claimed in claim 1 in which the co-operating snap action lock includes a first latch member positioned at the end of the upper jaw member and a co-pending second latch member positioned at the end of the lower jaw member, the first and second latch members comprising first and second co-operating detents, the detents being dimensioned such that in the closed position of the clip the upper and lower jaw member form a substantially flush surface in the region of the lock.

4. A sexual sterilisation clip as claimed in claim 3 in which the pair of clamping jaws are formed integrally from a single plastics moulding, the hinge being formed from a reduced section of the plastics material.

5. A sexual sterilisation clip as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 4 in which the silicone rubber lining is provided with a teeth shaped internal profile the teeth pointing inwardly towards the hinge and in which the teeth profiles on the upper

and lower jaws are at an angle with respect to each other to provide a cross over effect thereby assisting in retaining the duct in position within the jaws during closure of the jaws.